

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

PUTSWAP

POWERED BY PUTTOKEN (PUT)



PUTTOKEN

WHAT IS PUTTOKEN (PUT)

A deflationary token that will be created in all blockchains where smart contracts work, with limited supply and rewarding holders with each transaction. In addition to automatic burning.

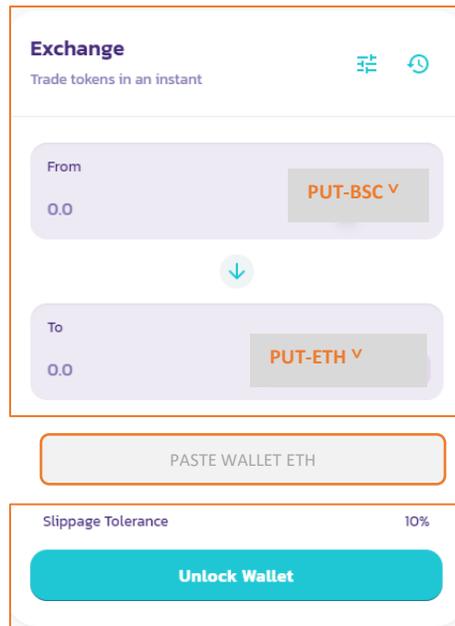
FUNCTION OF PUTTOKEN (PUT)

The main function of Puttoken (PUT) is that the user can exchange the token on any blockchain without the need for bridges, just SWAP the token of one network for the same token in another network, it is a simple exchange. Which means that the token will exist on any blockchain.

WHAT IS PUTSWAP?

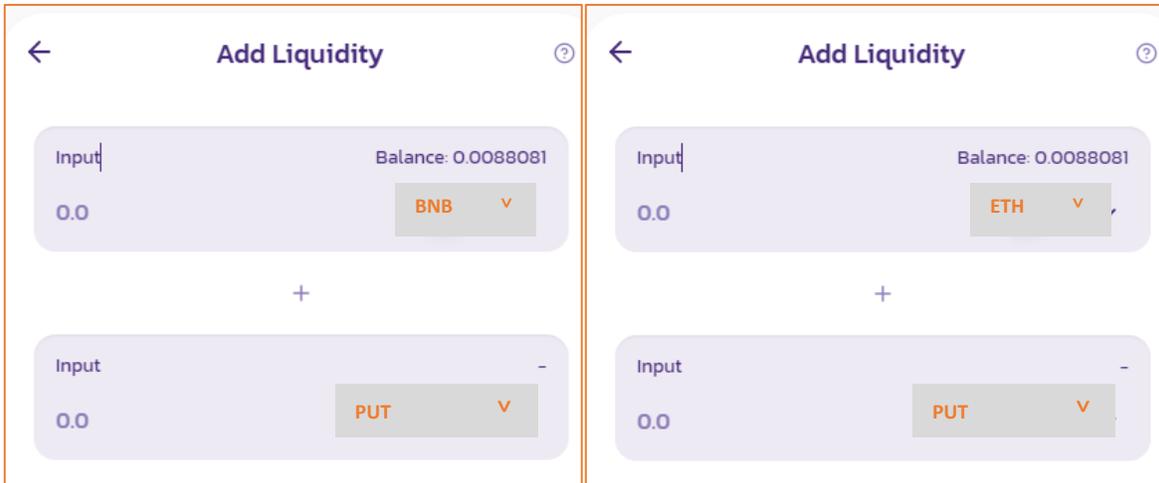
It is the platform that will allow the simple PUTTOKEN swap in all blockchains where tokens can be created with smart contracts. In addition, it will have other functionalities that are described below;

- **SWAP BETWEEN BLOCKCHAIN:** An exchange of PUTTOKEN can be made between the different blockchains, and between the main currencies of each blockchain, For example, you can change PUTTOKEN from the BINANCE SMART CHAIN NETWORK to the Ethereum network, or PUTTOKEN for Matic or For BNB.

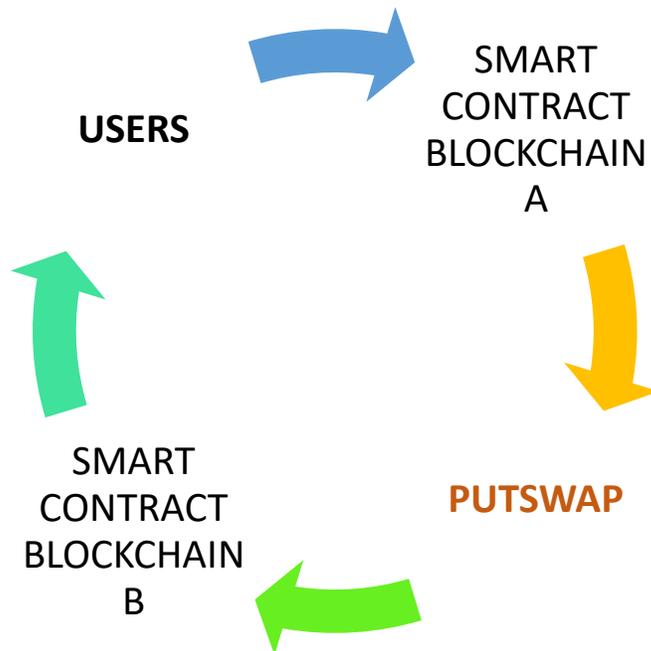


The screenshot displays the 'Exchange' interface for swapping tokens. At the top, it says 'Exchange' and 'Trade tokens in an instant'. Below this, there are two input fields: 'From' and 'To'. The 'From' field is set to '0.0' and 'PUT-BSC'. The 'To' field is set to '0.0' and 'PUT-ETH'. A downward arrow indicates the swap direction. Below the input fields, there is a button labeled 'PASTE WALLET ETH'. At the bottom, there is a 'Slippage Tolerance' section set to '10%' and a large teal button labeled 'Unlock Wallet'.

- **LIQUIDITY:** Users will be able to add liquidity to the token in the different blockchains, earning commissions for the sale and purchase of the token in the farms, in such a way that liquidity can be added in the pair PUT-BNB, PUT-ETH, PUT-MATIC, PUT-CARDANO, and others.



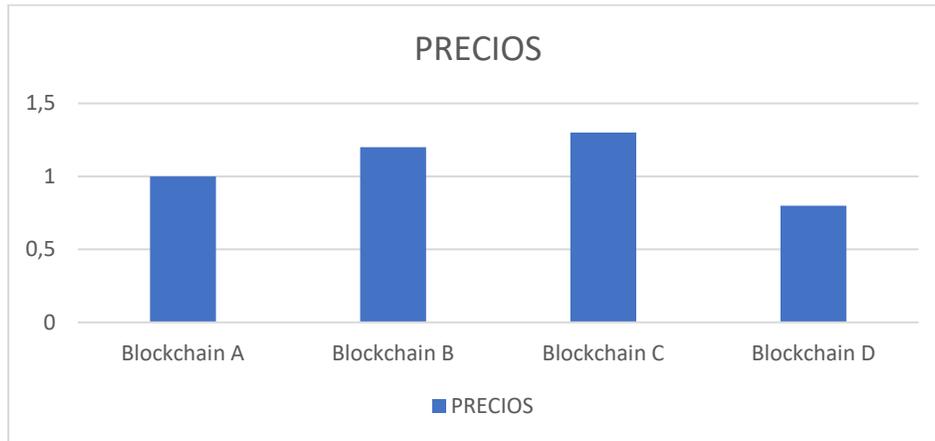
- **INTERMEDIARY:** Putswap will be an intermediary between two contracts of different blockchain, guaranteeing the exchange of the token (PUT) and correct operation for users, through the use of smart contracts.



FREE MARKET AND SELF-REGULATION

As there is liquidity of the token in several Blockchains, and the possibility of exchanging the token between the different networks, there will be a self-regulated market by the same users, which would lead to a stabilization of the price between Blockchain, For example, if a user makes a purchase of PUT in a Blockchain A, raising the price in %, another user will observe the possibility of making a profit by

selling their PUT in that Blockchain, as it would have a better price, the example is better explained in the graph:



If the graph is observed there is a price difference between networks, as there is between Blockchain A and Blockchain C, a user will buy PUT in Blockchain A to sell in Blockchain B, generating a profit for that exchange; in this case, it would buy PUT at \$ 1 and sell at \$ 1.3 generating 30% profit.

SELF-REGULATING LIQUIDITY

To maintain regulated and equal liquidity in each in each Blockchain, the following conditions will be maintained;

$$\begin{aligned} \text{liquidity} &\cong \text{PUT} \times \text{Coin Blockchain A} \cong \text{PUT} \times \text{Coin Blockchain B} \\ &\cong \text{PUT} \times \text{Coin Blockchain C} \cong \dots \text{PUT} \times \text{Coin Blockchain n} \end{aligned}$$

It will seek to support with better profit rates those liquidities that are below 10% with the others, promoting investment and helping to keep the values stable in each of the blockchains. In this way, a free market and growth are guaranteed, guaranteeing liquidity for an exchange between different pairs..

LOW COMMISSIONS AND WAITING TIMES

by not needing bridges to make exchanges of the token between one blockchain and another, since it will only be enough to make an exchange of the token,

commissions will be low and receipt times will be reduced. Users will be able to choose the special functionality that allows, at the time of the exchange, to receive a% of their exchange in currencies from the other blockchain, they can have to pay the transit commissions in the other blockchain.